SAFETY DATA SHEET
OGD-500.001.100

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : OGD-500.001.100
MSDS # : PD-MSDS-00077

Material uses : Stabilization of DNA.

Supplier/Manufacturer : DNA Genotek Inc., a subsidiary of OraSure Technologies, Inc.
500 Palladium Drive
Kanata, ON K2V 1C2
Tel: +1-613-723-5757
Fax: +1-613-723-5057
Toll Free: +1-866-813-6354 (North America)
Toll Free: +1-613-723-5757 (all other countries)
Email: support@dnagenotek.com
Web site: www.dnagenotek.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : For Emergencies involving dangerous goods call Canutec's 24-hour number 613-996-6666

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : 

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements
Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention:
- P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
- P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.
- P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
- P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
- P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response:
- P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
- P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:
- P405 - Store locked up.
- P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
- P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal:
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC):
- None known.

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC):
- None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture:
- Mixture

Other means of identification:
- Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers
- CAS number: Not applicable.
- MSDS #: PD-MSDS-00077

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>&lt;24</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trometamol</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>77-86-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.
Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- nausea or vomiting
- headache
- drowsiness/fatigue
- dizziness/vertigo
- unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Extinguishing media</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Suitable extinguishing media</strong></td>
<td>Use dry chemical, CO$_2$, water spray (fog) or foam.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unsuitable extinguishing media</strong></td>
<td>Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hazardous thermal decomposition products</strong></td>
<td>Decomposition products may include the following materials:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>carbon dioxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>carbon monoxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>nitrogen oxides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>metal oxide/oxides</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Special protective actions for fire-fighters** | Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>For non-emergency personnel</strong></td>
<td>Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For emergency responders</strong></td>
<td>If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in &quot;For non-emergency personnel&quot;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Environmental precautions** | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

| **Spill** | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Canada

Occupational exposure limits
None.

Mexico

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-PPT: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. LMPE-PPT: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls**: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Color          | Not available. |
| Odor           | Not available. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH             | 9.5 |
| Melting point  | Not available. |
| Boiling point  | Not available. |
| Flash point    | Closed cup: 32°C (89.6°F) [Pensky-Martens.] |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not available.
- Vapor pressure: Not available.
- Vapor density: Not available.
- Relative density: Not available.
- Solubility: Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.
- Decomposition temperature: Not available.
- Viscosity: Not available.
- Volatility: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability: The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkanes. Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals.
- Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>124700 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td>7 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trometamol</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>5500 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion
Section 11. Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100 µL</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.067 minutes 100 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>400 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trometamol</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>25 %</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Woman</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1 %</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization
There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity
There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard
There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure:
Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation:
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Section 11. Toxicological information

**Short term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Long term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential chronic health effects**
- General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**
There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Acute EC50 17.921 mg/L Marine water Acute LC50 25500 µg/L Marine water Acute LC50 42000 µg/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/L Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.375 µL/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Ulva pertusa Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Ulva pertusa Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae</td>
<td>96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 4 days 96 hours 12 weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**
There is no data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>-0.35</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**

- Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>): There is no data available.
- Mobility: There is no data available.

**Other adverse effects**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>DOT</th>
<th>TDG / NOM-003-SCT</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Not restricted, Special Provision A58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AERG : Not applicable.

Special precautions for user
Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
Not available.
Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

- United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.
- Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Not listed
- Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Not listed
- Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: Not listed
- DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listed
- DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listed
- SARA 302/304
  Composition/information on ingredients
  No products were found.
- SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable.
- SARA 311/312
  Classification: Fire hazard
  Immediate (acute) health hazard
  
Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trometamol</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313
No products were found.

State regulations

- Massachusetts: The following components are listed: Ethyl Alcohol
- New York: None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey: The following components are listed: Ethyl Alcohol
- Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Ethyl Alcohol
- California Prop. 65
  No products were found.

Canada

Canadian lists

- Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Ethyl Alcohol
- CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

International lists

National inventory

Australia: Not determined.
Section 15. Regulatory information

China : All components are listed or exempted.
Europe : All components are listed or exempted.
Japan : Not determined.
Malaysia : Not determined.
New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : Not determined.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 03/15/2016
Version : 1
Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Notice to reader
To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.